

## INTENSITY SOUND REDUCTION INDEX R in accordance with ISO 15186-1:2000 and ISO 717-1

KUIPER Client Project SW test november 2016

24 november 2016 Date

Location of test VCC TL

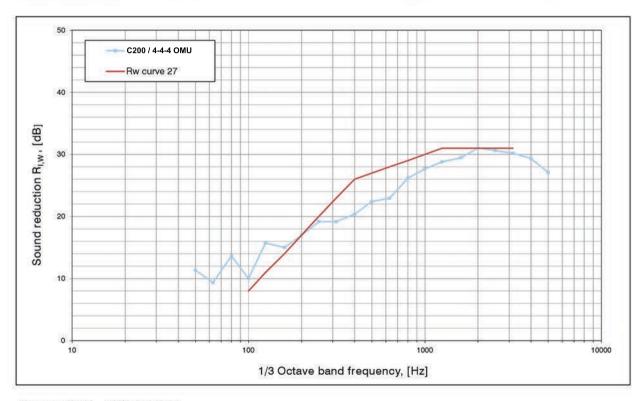
Intensity measured at 10 cm distance

Sample code

© C200 - OMU 4-4-4 **4MM OKOUME** Composition

4MM C200 CORK 4MM OKOUME

Test specimen area Thickness : 0.60 m<sup>2</sup> -8 12 mm Volume Receiver Room Weight  $\sim 26 \text{ m}^3$ kg



Frequency, f [Hz] 1/3 Octave Band

50	63	80	100	125	160	200	250	315	400	500	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	2500	3150	4000	5000
11.4																				-

Reduction, [dB]

Note: In theory the sound reduction index determined using the traditional measurement method (ISO 140-3) is overestimated due to the fact that the sound power radiated into the receiving room is underestimated. To account for this fact, if the aim of the intensity measurements is to simulate measurements according to ISO 140-3, the intensity sound reduction index should be modified by: R<sub>I,M</sub> = R<sub>I</sub> + K<sub>c</sub>  $K_c$  is a correction factor based on the volume and total surrounding area in the receiving room used for the standard ISO 140-3 measurements